

SCHOOL CAPITAL OUTLAY EQUALIZATION

2007 FIRST SPECIAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

LONG TITLE**General Description:**

This bill addresses the equalization of school capital outlay funding in counties of the first class.

Highlighted Provisions:

This bill:

- defines terms;
- requires each school district in a county of the first class to levy a minimum capital outlay property tax at a specified rate in order to receive the state contribution toward the minimum basic program;
- allocates the revenue generated under the mandatory levy to school districts;
- makes changes to truth in taxation for school districts imposing the mandatory levy;
- addresses the calculation of the certified tax rate and truth in taxation notice and hearing requirements with respect to the capital outlay levy; and
- makes technical changes.

Monies Appropriated in this Bill:

None

Other Special Clauses:

This bill takes effect on January 1, 2009.

Utah Code Sections Affected:**AMENDS:**

53A-16-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter 332

53A-17a-135, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 2

59-2-924, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapters 107, and 329

ENACTS:

53A-16-107.1, Utah Code Annotated 1953

59-2-924.2, Utah Code Annotated 1953

33 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:*

34 Section 1. Section **53A-16-107** is amended to read:

35 **53A-16-107. Capital outlay levy -- Maintenance of school facilities -- Authority to**
36 **use proceeds of .0002 tax rate -- Restrictions and procedure.**

37 (1) ~~[(a) A]~~ Subject to Subsection (3), a local school board may annually impose a
38 capital outlay levy [a tax not to exceed .0024 per dollar of taxable value for debt service and
39 capital outlay] not to exceed .0024 per dollar of taxable value to be used for capital outlay, debt
40 service, and school facility maintenance.

41 ~~[(b) Each]~~ (2) (a) A local school board may utilize the proceeds of a maximum of
42 .0002 per dollar of taxable value of [its] the local school board's annual capital outlay levy for
43 the maintenance of school [plants] facilities in [its] the school district.

44 ~~[(2)] (b)~~ A local school board that uses the option provided under Subsection [(1)(b)]
45 must do the following] (2)(a) shall:

46 ~~[(a)] (i)~~ maintain the same level of expenditure for maintenance in the current year as it
47 did in the preceding year, plus the annual average percentage increase applied to the
48 maintenance and operation budget for the current year; and

49 ~~[(b)] (ii)~~ identify the expenditure of capital outlay funds for maintenance by a district
50 project number to ensure that the funds [were] are expended in the manner intended.

51 ~~[(3)] (c)~~ The State Board of Education shall establish by rule the expenditure
52 classification for maintenance under this program using a standard classification system.

53 (3) In order to qualify for receipt of the state contribution toward the basic program
54 described in Section 53A-17a-135, a local school board in a county of the first class shall
55 impose a capital outlay levy of at least .0009 per dollar of taxable value.

56 (4) The total aggregate amount of a capital outlay levy imposed in this section may not
57 exceed .0024 per dollar of taxable value, including a levy imposed under Subsection (3).

58 (5) The county treasurer of a county of the first class shall distribute revenues
59 generated by the .0009 capital outlay levy described in Subsection (3) to school districts within
60 the county in accordance with Section 53A-16-107.1.

61 Section 2. Section **53A-16-107.1** is enacted to read:

62 **53A-16-107.1. School capital outlay in counties of the first class-- Allocation.**

63 (1) The county treasurer of a county of the first class shall distribute revenues

generated by the .0009 capital outlay levy required under Subsection 53A-16-107(3) to school districts located within the county of the first class as follows:

(a) 50% of the revenues shall be distributed in proportion to a school district's percentage of the total enrollment growth in all of the school districts within the county that have an increase in enrollment, calculated on the basis of the average enrollment growth in school districts within the county that have an increase in enrollment during the prior three years, as of the October 1 enrollment counts; and

(b) 50% of the revenues shall be distributed in proportion to a school district's percentage of the total prior year enrollment in all of the school districts within the county, as of the October 1 enrollment counts.

(2) If a new school district is created or school district boundaries are adjusted, the enrollment for each affected school district shall be calculated on the basis of enrollment in school district schools located within that school district's newly created or adjusted boundaries, as of October 1 enrollment counts.

(3) The State Board of Education shall provide a county treasurer with enrollment information necessary to distribute revenues as required by this section.

Section 3. Section **53A-17a-135** is amended to read:

53A-17a-135. Minimum basic tax rate -- Certified revenue levy.

(1) (a) In order to qualify for receipt of the state contribution toward the basic program and as its contribution toward its costs of the basic program[;]:

(i) each school district shall impose a minimum basic tax rate per dollar of taxable value that generates \$245,254,790 in revenues statewide[;]; and

(ii) a school district located within a county of the first class shall impose a capital outlay levy of .0009 per dollar of taxable value to be distributed to school districts within the first class county in accordance with Section 53A-16-107.1.

(b) The preliminary estimate for the 2007-08 minimum basic tax rate is .001474.

(c) The State Tax Commission shall certify on or before June 22 the rate that generates \$245,254,790 in revenues statewide.

(d) If the minimum basic tax rate exceeds the certified revenue levy as defined in Section 53A-17a-103, the state is subject to the notice requirements of Section 59-2-926.

(2) (a) The state shall contribute to each district toward the cost of the basic program in

the district that portion which exceeds the proceeds of the levy authorized under Subsection (1).

(b) In accord with the state strategic plan for public education and to fulfill its responsibility for the development and implementation of that plan, the Legislature instructs the State Board of Education, the governor, and the Office of Legislative Fiscal Analyst in each of the coming five years to develop budgets that will fully fund student enrollment growth.

(3) (a) If the proceeds of the levy authorized under Subsection (1) equal or exceed the cost of the basic program in a school district, no state contribution shall be made to the basic program.

(b) The proceeds of the levy authorized under Subsection (1) which exceed the cost of the basic program shall be paid into the Uniform School Fund as provided by law.

Section 4. Section **59-2-924** is amended to read:

59-2-924. Report of valuation of property to county auditor and commission -- Transmittal by auditor to governing bodies -- Certified tax rate -- Calculation of certified tax rate -- Rulemaking authority -- Adoption of tentative budget.

(1) (a) Before June 1 of each year, the county assessor of each county shall deliver to the county auditor and the commission the following statements:

(i) a statement containing the aggregate valuation of all taxable property in each taxing entity; and

(ii) a statement containing the taxable value of any additional personal property estimated by the county assessor to be subject to taxation in the current year.

(b) The county auditor shall, on or before June 8, transmit to the governing body of each taxing entity:

(i) the statements described in Subsections (1)(a)(i) and (ii);

(ii) an estimate of the revenue from personal property;

(iii) the certified tax rate; and

(iv) all forms necessary to submit a tax levy request.

(2) (a) (i) The "certified tax rate" means a tax rate that will provide the same ad valorem property tax revenues for a taxing entity as were budgeted by that taxing entity for the prior year.

(ii) For purposes of this Subsection (2), "ad valorem property tax revenues" do not

126 include:

127 (A) collections from redemptions;

128 (B) interest;

129 (C) penalties; and

130 (D) revenue received by a taxing entity from personal property that is:

131 (I) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and

132 (II) semiconductor manufacturing equipment.

133 (iii) (A) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the certified tax rate shall be

134 calculated by dividing the ad valorem property tax revenues budgeted for the prior year by the

135 taxing entity by the amount calculated under Subsection (2)(a)(iii)(B).

136 (B) For purposes of Subsection (2)(a)(iii)(A), the legislative body of a taxing entity

137 shall calculate an amount as follows:

138 (I) calculate for the taxing entity the difference between:

139 (Aa) the aggregate taxable value of all property taxed; and

140 (Bb) any redevelopment adjustments for the current calendar year;

141 (II) after making the calculation required by Subsection (2)(a)(iii)(B)(I), calculate an

142 amount determined by increasing or decreasing the amount calculated under Subsection

143 (2)(a)(iii)(B)(I) by the average of the percentage net change in the value of taxable property for

144 the equalization period for the three calendar years immediately preceding the current calendar

145 year;

146 (III) after making the calculation required by Subsection (2)(a)(iii)(B)(II), calculate the

147 product of:

148 (Aa) the amount calculated under Subsection (2)(a)(iii)(B)(II); and

149 (Bb) the percentage of property taxes collected for the five calendar years immediately

150 preceding the current calendar year; and

151 (IV) after making the calculation required by Subsection (2)(a)(iii)(B)(III), calculate an

152 amount determined by subtracting from the amount calculated under Subsection

153 (2)(a)(iii)(B)(III) any new growth as defined in this section:

154 (Aa) within the taxing entity; and

155 (Bb) for the current calendar year.

156 (C) For purposes of Subsection (2)(a)(iii)(B)(I), the aggregate taxable value of all

157 property taxed:

158 (I) except as provided in Subsection (2)(a)(iii)(C)(II), includes the total taxable value of
159 the real and personal property contained on the tax rolls of the taxing entity; and

160 (II) does not include the total taxable value of personal property contained on the tax
161 rolls of the taxing entity that is:

162 (Aa) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and

163 (Bb) semiconductor manufacturing equipment.

164 (D) For purposes of Subsection (2)(a)(iii)(B)(II), for calendar years beginning on or
165 after January 1, 2007, the value of taxable property does not include the value of personal
166 property that is:

167 (I) within the taxing entity assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3,
168 County Assessment; and

169 (II) semiconductor manufacturing equipment.

170 (E) For purposes of Subsection (2)(a)(iii)(B)(III)(Bb), for calendar years beginning on
171 or after January 1, 2007, the percentage of property taxes collected does not include property
172 taxes collected from personal property that is:

173 (I) within the taxing entity assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3,
174 County Assessment; and

175 (II) semiconductor manufacturing equipment.

176 (F) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
177 the commission may prescribe rules for calculating redevelopment adjustments for a calendar
178 year.

179 (iv) (A) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
180 Act, the commission shall make rules determining the calculation of ad valorem property tax
181 revenues budgeted by a taxing entity.

182 (B) For purposes of Subsection (2)(a)(iv)(A), ad valorem property tax revenues
183 budgeted by a taxing entity shall be calculated in the same manner as budgeted property tax
184 revenues are calculated for purposes of Section 59-2-913.

185 (v) The certified tax rates for the taxing entities described in this Subsection (2)(a)(v)
186 shall be calculated as follows:

187 (A) except as provided in Subsection (2)(a)(v)(B), for new taxing entities the certified

188 tax rate is zero;

189 (B) for each municipality incorporated on or after July 1, 1996, the certified tax rate is:

190 (I) in a county of the first, second, or third class, the levy imposed for municipal-type
191 services under Sections 17-34-1 and 17-36-9; and

192 (II) in a county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth class, the levy imposed for general county
193 purposes and such other levies imposed solely for the municipal-type services identified in
194 Section 17-34-1 and Subsection 17-36-3(22); and

195 (C) for debt service voted on by the public, the certified tax rate shall be the actual levy
196 imposed by that section, except that the certified tax rates for the following levies shall be
197 calculated in accordance with Section 59-2-913 and this section:

198 (I) school leeways provided for under Sections 11-2-7, 53A-16-110, 53A-17a-125,
199 53A-17a-127, 53A-17a-133, 53A-17a-134, 53A-17a-143, 53A-17a-145, and 53A-21-103; and

200 (II) levies to pay for the costs of state legislative mandates or judicial or administrative
201 orders under Section 59-2-906.3.

202 (vi) (A) A judgment levy imposed under Section 59-2-1328 or 59-2-1330 shall be
203 established at that rate which is sufficient to generate only the revenue required to satisfy one
204 or more eligible judgments, as defined in Section 59-2-102.

205 (B) The ad valorem property tax revenue generated by the judgment levy shall not be
206 considered in establishing the taxing entity's aggregate certified tax rate.

207 (vii) The ad valorem property tax revenue generated by the capital outlay levy
208 described in Section 53A-16-107 may not be considered in establishing a taxing entity's
209 aggregate certified tax rate if the taxing entity is within a county of the first class.

210 (b) (i) For the purpose of calculating the certified tax rate, the county auditor shall use
211 the taxable value of property on the assessment roll.

212 (ii) For purposes of Subsection (2)(b)(i), the taxable value of property on the
213 assessment roll does not include:

214 (A) new growth as defined in Subsection (2)(b)(iii); or

215 (B) the total taxable value of personal property contained on the tax rolls of the taxing
216 entity that is:

217 (I) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and

218 (II) semiconductor manufacturing equipment.

219 (iii) "New growth" means:

220 (A) the difference between the increase in taxable value of the taxing entity from the

221 previous calendar year to the current year; minus

222 (B) the amount of an increase in taxable value described in Subsection (2)(b)(v).

223 (iv) For purposes of Subsection (2)(b)(iii), the taxable value of the taxing entity does

224 not include the taxable value of personal property that is:

225 (A) contained on the tax rolls of the taxing entity if that property is assessed by a

226 county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and

227 (B) semiconductor manufacturing equipment.

228 (v) Subsection (2)(b)(iii)(B) applies to the following increases in taxable value:

229 (A) the amount of increase to locally assessed real property taxable values resulting

230 from factoring, reappraisal, or any other adjustments; or

231 (B) the amount of an increase in the taxable value of property assessed by the

232 commission under Section 59-2-201 resulting from a change in the method of apportioning the

233 taxable value prescribed by:

234 (I) the Legislature;

235 (II) a court;

236 (III) the commission in an administrative rule; or

237 (IV) the commission in an administrative order.

238 (c) Beginning January 1, 1997, if a taxing entity receives increased revenues from

239 uniform fees on tangible personal property under Section 59-2-404, 59-2-405, 59-2-405.1,

240 59-2-405.2, or 59-2-405.3 as a result of any county imposing a sales and use tax under Chapter

241 12, Part 11, County Option Sales and Use Tax, the taxing entity shall decrease its certified tax

242 rate to offset the increased revenues.

243 (d) (i) Beginning July 1, 1997, if a county has imposed a sales and use tax under

244 Chapter 12, Part 11, County Option Sales and Use Tax, the county's certified tax rate shall be:

245 (A) decreased on a one-time basis by the amount of the estimated sales and use tax

246 revenue to be distributed to the county under Subsection 59-12-1102(3); and

247 (B) increased by the amount necessary to offset the county's reduction in revenue from

248 uniform fees on tangible personal property under Section 59-2-404, 59-2-405, 59-2-405.1,

249 59-2-405.2, or 59-2-405.3 as a result of the decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection

250 (2)(d)(i)(A).

251 (ii) The commission shall determine estimates of sales and use tax distributions for
252 purposes of Subsection (2)(d)(i).

253 (e) Beginning January 1, 1998, if a municipality has imposed an additional resort
254 communities sales tax under Section 59-12-402, the municipality's certified tax rate shall be
255 decreased on a one-time basis by the amount necessary to offset the first 12 months of
256 estimated revenue from the additional resort communities sales and use tax imposed under
257 Section 59-12-402.

258 (f) (i) (A) For fiscal year 2000, the certified tax rate of each county required under
259 Subsection 17-34-1(4)(a) to provide advanced life support and paramedic services to the
260 unincorporated area of the county shall be decreased by the amount necessary to reduce
261 revenues in that fiscal year by an amount equal to the difference between the amount the county
262 budgeted in its 2000 fiscal year budget for advanced life support and paramedic services
263 countywide and the amount the county spent during fiscal year 2000 for those services,
264 excluding amounts spent from a municipal services fund for those services.

265 (B) For fiscal year 2001, the certified tax rate of each county to which Subsection
266 (2)(f)(i)(A) applies shall be decreased by the amount necessary to reduce revenues in that fiscal
267 year by the amount that the county spent during fiscal year 2000 for advanced life support and
268 paramedic services countywide, excluding amounts spent from a municipal services fund for
269 those services.

270 (ii) (A) A city or town located within a county of the first class to which Subsection
271 (2)(f)(i) applies may increase its certified tax rate by the amount necessary to generate within
272 the city or town the same amount of revenues as the county would collect from that city or
273 town if the decrease under Subsection (2)(f)(i) did not occur.

274 (B) An increase under Subsection (2)(f)(ii)(A), whether occurring in a single fiscal year
275 or spread over multiple fiscal years, is not subject to the notice and hearing requirements of
276 Sections 59-2-918 and 59-2-919.

277 (g) (i) The certified tax rate of each county required under Subsection 17-34-1(4)(b) to
278 provide detective investigative services to the unincorporated area of the county shall be
279 decreased:

280 (A) in fiscal year 2001 by the amount necessary to reduce revenues in that fiscal year

281 by at least \$4,400,000; and

282 (B) in fiscal year 2002 by the amount necessary to reduce revenues in that fiscal year
283 by an amount equal to the difference between \$9,258,412 and the amount of the reduction in
284 revenues under Subsection (2)(g)(i)(A).

285 (ii) (A) (I) Beginning with municipal fiscal year 2002, a city or town located within a
286 county to which Subsection (2)(g)(i) applies may increase its certified tax rate to generate
287 within the city or town the same amount of revenue as the county would have collected during
288 county fiscal year 2001 from within the city or town except for Subsection (2)(g)(i)(A).

289 (II) Beginning with municipal fiscal year 2003, a city or town located within a county
290 to which Subsection (2)(g)(i) applies may increase its certified tax rate to generate within the
291 city or town the same amount of revenue as the county would have collected during county
292 fiscal year 2002 from within the city or town except for Subsection (2)(g)(i)(B).

293 (B) (I) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(g)(ii)(B)(II), an increase in the city or
294 town's certified tax rate under Subsection (2)(g)(ii)(A), whether occurring in a single fiscal year
295 or spread over multiple fiscal years, is subject to the notice and hearing requirements of
296 Sections 59-2-918 and 59-2-919.

297 (II) For an increase under this Subsection (2)(g)(ii) that generates revenue that does not
298 exceed the same amount of revenue as the county would have collected except for Subsection
299 (2)(g)(i), the requirements of Sections 59-2-918 and 59-2-919 do not apply if the city or town:

300 (Aa) publishes a notice that meets the size, type, placement, and frequency
301 requirements of Section 59-2-919, reflects that the increase is a shift of a tax from one imposed
302 by the county to one imposed by the city or town, and explains how the revenues from the tax
303 increase will be used; and

304 (Bb) holds a public hearing on the tax shift that may be held in conjunction with the
305 city or town's regular budget hearing.

306 (h) (i) This Subsection (2)(h) applies to each county that:

307 (A) establishes a countywide special service district under Title 17A, Chapter 2, Part
308 13, Utah Special Service District Act, to provide jail service, as provided in Subsection
309 17A-2-1304(1)(a)(x); and

310 (B) levies a property tax on behalf of the special service district under Section
311 17A-2-1322.

(ii) (A) The certified tax rate of each county to which this Subsection (2)(h) applies shall be decreased by the amount necessary to reduce county revenues by the same amount of revenues that will be generated by the property tax imposed on behalf of the special service district.

(B) Each decrease under Subsection (2)(h)(ii)(A) shall occur contemporaneously with the levy on behalf of the special service district under Section 17A-2-1322.

(i) (i) As used in this Subsection (2)(i):

(A) "Annexing county" means a county whose unincorporated area is included within a fire district by annexation.

(B) "Annexing municipality" means a municipality whose area is included within a fire district by annexation.

(C) "Equalized fire protection tax rate" means the tax rate that results from:

(I) calculating, for each participating county and each participating municipality, the property tax revenue necessary to cover all of the costs associated with providing fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services:

(Aa) for a participating county, in the unincorporated area of the county; and

(Bb) for a participating municipality, in the municipality; and

(II) adding all the amounts calculated under Subsection (2)(i)(i)(C)(I) for all participating counties and all participating municipalities and then dividing that sum by the aggregate taxable value of the property, as adjusted in accordance with Section 59-2-913:

(Aa) for participating counties, in the unincorporated area of all participating counties; and

(Bb) for participating municipalities, in all the participating municipalities.

(D) "Fire district" means a service area under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 9, Service Area Act, in the creation of which an election was not required under Subsection 17B-1-214(3)(c).

(E) "Fire protection tax rate" means:

(I) for an annexing county, the property tax rate that, when applied to taxable property in the unincorporated area of the county, generates enough property tax revenue to cover all the costs associated with providing fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services in the unincorporated area of the county; and

(II) for an annexing municipality, the property tax rate that generates enough property tax revenue in the municipality to cover all the costs associated with providing fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services in the municipality.

(F) "Participating county" means a county whose unincorporated area is included within a fire district at the time of the creation of the fire district.

(G) "Participating municipality" means a municipality whose area is included within a fire district at the time of the creation of the fire district.

(ii) In the first year following creation of a fire district, the certified tax rate of each participating county and each participating municipality shall be decreased by the amount of the equalized fire protection tax rate.

(iii) In the first year following annexation to a fire district, the certified tax rate of each annexing county and each annexing municipality shall be decreased by the fire protection tax rate.

(iv) Each tax levied under this section by a fire district shall be considered to be levied by:

(A) each participating county and each annexing county for purposes of the county's tax limitation under Section 59-2-908; and

(B) each participating municipality and each annexing municipality for purposes of the municipality's tax limitation under Section 10-5-112, for a town, or Section 10-6-133, for a city.

(j) For the calendar year beginning on January 1, 2007, the calculation of a taxing entity's certified tax rate shall be adjusted by the amount necessary to offset any change in the certified tax rate that may result from excluding the following from the certified tax rate under Subsection (2)(a) enacted by the Legislature during the 2007 General Session:

(i) personal property tax revenue:

(A) received by a taxing entity;

(B) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and

(C) for personal property that is semiconductor manufacturing equipment; or

(ii) the taxable value of personal property:

(A) contained on the tax rolls of a taxing entity;

(B) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and

374 (C) that is semiconductor manufacturing equipment.

375 (3) (a) On or before June 22, each taxing entity shall annually adopt a tentative budget.

376 (b) If the taxing entity intends to exceed the certified tax rate, it shall notify the county

377 auditor of:

378 (i) its intent to exceed the certified tax rate; and

379 (ii) the amount by which it proposes to exceed the certified tax rate.

380 (c) The county auditor shall notify all property owners of any intent to exceed the

381 certified tax rate in accordance with Subsection 59-2-919(2).

382 (4) (a) The taxable value for the base year under Subsection 17C-1-102(6) shall be

383 reduced for any year to the extent necessary to provide a community development and renewal

384 agency established under Title 17C, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Community

385 Development and Renewal Agencies, with approximately the same amount of money the

386 agency would have received without a reduction in the county's certified tax rate if:

387 (i) in that year there is a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2)(c) or

388 (2)(d)(i);

389 (ii) the amount of the decrease is more than 20% of the county's certified tax rate of the

390 previous year; and

391 (iii) the decrease results in a reduction of the amount to be paid to the agency under

392 Section 17C-1-403 or 17C-1-404.

393 (b) The base taxable value under Subsection 17C-1-102(6) shall be increased in any

394 year to the extent necessary to provide a community development and renewal agency with

395 approximately the same amount of money as the agency would have received without an

396 increase in the certified tax rate that year if:

397 (i) in that year the base taxable value under Subsection 17C-1-102(6) is reduced due to

398 a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2)(c) or (2)(d)(i); and

399 (ii) The certified tax rate of a city, school district, local district, or special service

400 district increases independent of the adjustment to the taxable value of the base year.

401 (c) Notwithstanding a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2)(c) or

402 (2)(d)(i), the amount of money allocated and, when collected, paid each year to a community

403 development and renewal agency established under Title 17C, Limited Purpose Local

404 Government Entities - Community Development and Renewal Agencies, for the payment of

bonds or other contract indebtedness, but not for administrative costs, may not be less than that amount would have been without a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2)(c) or (2)(d)(i).

Section 5. Section **59-2-924.2** is enacted to read:

59-2-924.2. Adjustment of the calculation of the certified tax rate for a school district imposing the capital outlay levy.

(1) As used in this section:

(a) "Capital outlay enrollment increment" means the amount of revenue equal to the difference between:

(i) the amount of revenue generated by a levy of .0009 within a school district during a fiscal year; and

(ii) the amount of revenue the school district received during the same fiscal year from the distribution described in Subsection 53A-16-107.1(1).

(b) "Levy increment" means the amount of revenue equal to the difference between:

(i) the amount of revenue generated by the total capital outlay levy imposed by a school district in a calendar year described in Section 53A-16-107; and

(ii) the amount of revenue generated by the portion of the capital outlay levy described in Subsection 53A-16-107(3) imposed by a school district in the same calendar year.

(c) "Receiving school district" means a school district in a county of the first class that in a fiscal year receives more revenue from the distribution described in Subsection 53A-16-107.1(1) than it would have received during the same fiscal year from a levy imposed within the school district of .0009 per dollar of taxable value.

(2) A receiving school district shall decrease its certified tax rate under Section 59-2-924 by the amount required to offset the receiving school district's capital outlay enrollment increment for that fiscal year.

(3) Beginning with fiscal year 2009-10, a school district in a county of the first class is exempt from the notice and hearing requirements of Sections 59-2-918 and 59-2-919 if:

(a) the school district budgets an increased amount of ad valorem tax revenue exclusive of new growth as defined in Subsection 59-2-924(2) for the capital outlay levy described in Section 53A-16-107; and

(b) the total rate imposed for the capital outlay levy for that school district is .0009.

436 (4) Beginning with fiscal year 2010-11, a school district in a county of the first class is
437 exempt from the notice and hearing requirements of Sections 59-2-918 and 59-2-919 if:

438 (a) the school district budgets an increased amount of ad valorem tax revenue exclusive
439 of new growth as defined in Subsection 59-2-924(2) for the capital outlay levy; and

440 (b) the increased revenue is equal to that school district's levy increment for the prior
441 year.

442 (5) Regardless of the amount a school district receives from the revenue collected from
443 the .0009 capital outlay levy described in Subsection 53A-16-107(3), the revenue generated
444 within the school district from the .0009 capital outlay levy shall be considered to be budgeted
445 ad valorem property tax revenues of the school district that levies the .0009 capital outlay levy
446 for purposes of calculating the school district's certified tax rate for the capital outlay levy
447 described in Section 53A-16-107.

448 Section 6. **Effective date.**

449 This bill takes effect on January 1, 2009.

Legislative Review Note
as of 8-17-07 10:34 AM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel